IN THE CLAIMS:

- 1. (Currently amended) A process for preparing a polymer comprising (meth)acrylate salt units by a free-radical polymerization of a (meth)acrylate salt optionally with or without another a second monomer in an aqueous medium, which comprises using a supersatuated aqueous solution of the (meth)acrylate salt.
- 2. (Currently amended) The process of claim 1 wherein the supersaturated aqueous solution of the (meth)acrylate salt used comprises 40 to 90 mol% of the (meth)acrylate salt and 10 to 60 mol% of a (meth)-acrylic acid.
- 3. (Currently amended) The process of claim 1 or 2 wherein the supersaturated aqueous soluion of the (meth) acrylate salt is cooled down to below 40°C by producing a more than 100 mol% neutralized first (meth) acrylate salt solution and subsequently a (meth) acrylic acid is added in a continuous operation and, prior to the complete precipitation of the resulting (meth) acrylate salt, is fed to a polymerization reactor and polymerized.
- 4. (Currently amended) The process of any of claims 1 to 3 claim 3 wherein the polymerization reactor for the polymerization is a continuous kneading reactor, a spray polymerization reactor, or a continuous polymerization belt.

- 5. (Currently amended) The process of any of claims 1 to 4 claim 2 wherein the (meth) acrylic acid comprising comprises not more than 2000 ppm of dimers and less than 150 ppm of hydroquinone monomethyl ether is used as an acidic monomer.
- 6. (Currently amended) The process of any of claims 1 to 5 claim 1 wherein the supersaturated aqueous solution comprises 0.001 to 5 mol% of one or more monomers comprising two or more ethylenically unsupersaturated unsaturated double bonds.
- 7. (Currently amended) The process of any of claims 1 to 6 claim 1 wherein the supersaturated aqueous monomer solution is prepared using \underline{a} solid anhydrous (meth) acrylate salt.
- 8. (Currently amended) The process of any of claims 1 to 7 claim 1 wherein the supersaturated aqueous solution is prepared using a solid (meth)acrylate salt having a water content from 0.1% to 10% by weight.
- 9. (Currently amended) The process of any of claims 1 to 8 claim 1 wherein the (meth)acrylate salt is used in the form of a supersaturated aqueous solution or dispersion obtained by neutralization of (meth)acrylic acid with aqueous hydroxide solution, a hydroxide, carbonate, or hydrogen carbonate.

- 10. (Currently amended) The process of any preceding claim 1 wherein the (meth) acrylate and the (meth) acrylic acid denotes comprises acrylate and acrylic acid.
- 11. (Currently amended) The process of any preceding claim 1 wherein the (meth) acrylate salt denotes comprises alkali metal (meth) acrylate and especially sodium (meth) acrylate.
- 12. (Currently amended) A polymer comprising (meth)acrylate units, obtainable prepared by the process of claims claim 1 to 11.
- 13. (Currently amended) The use of a solid salt of a (meth) acrylate for A method of preparing a polymer by comprising dissolving a solid salt of a (meth) acrylate in water to form a supersaturated aqueous monomer solution and polymerizing the monomer solution in the presence or absence of another an optional second monomer.
- 14. (New) The process of claim 1 wherein the (meth)acrylate salt comprises sodium (meth)acrylate.